

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1799.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

No. 12, 160.

SYNOD OF GLENELG.

THE Synod of Glenelg, at their annual meeting, held at Broadford, on Wednesday the 17th day of July last, in a report in circulation within the bounds of several Presbyteries, that some Patrons and others, taking an interest in the disposal of Church Benefices, are getting into the illegal practice of entering into private compacts with expectants, or procuring premature promises of the succession to the benefices in the lives of incumbents; the Synod have unanimously agreed and ordered, that they hereby do order all Presbyteries within their bounds, should such case or cases come before them, to make serious enquiry into the grounds of such reports, and in proceeding to the settlement of a Pastor, to be strictly to the spirit of the acts of Assembly and Synod. And the Synod further registers, and signifies to all the Presbyteries and Ministers, as well as Patrons within the bounds. And the clerk was appointed to cause the same to be published in the Edinburgh newspapers.

DUNDEE—AUGUST 20, 1799.

THIS day the PUBLIC ENGLISH SCHOOL of DUNDEE, taught by Mr JAMES GRAY, was examined, in the presence of the Magistrates and several other Gentlemen. The scholars gave such specimens of their proficiency, and of their accuracy in reading and spelling, as were very satisfactory to all present, and fully proved the excellence of the system of teaching adopted by the Master. We esteem Mr Gray an useful and successful Teacher; and having much confidence in his abilities and assiduity, we are happy in this opportunity of recommending him to the countenance and encouragement of the inhabitants of Dundee. DA. DAVIDSON, Minister. PAT. MACVICAR, Minister.

DUNDEE—AUGUST 21, 1799.

THE Presbytery of Dundee, in presence of the Provost and Magistrates, and several other Gentlemen, examined the Boys of the several classes in the GRAMMAR SCHOOL of this town, who gave such specimens of proficiency, as did honour to themselves and credit to their Teachers. The Presbytery therefore ordered, that a copy of this minute, signed by the Moderator, be published in the several Edinburgh Newspapers, in testimony of the sense they have of the abilities and diligence of Mr WATSON the Rector, and the other Masters. ALEX. IMLACH, Mod.

P.S.—The School will be convened again on Wednesday the 28th of October, and Mr CRAICK will begin the Rudiment Class on the 1st of November following.

MICHAELMAS HEAD COURT,

County of Mid Lothian. The Michaelmas Meeting is hereby given, that the Michaelmas Meeting of the Barons and Freeholders of the Shire of Edinburgh, is to be held upon Tuesday the 2d day of October 1799, within the Inner Session House, Edinburgh, at 12 o'clock noon; and that Claims are lodged with the Sheriff Clerk of Edinburgh, for the following gentlemen, in order to their being enrolled in the roll of Barons and Freeholders of said Shire, to be made up at that meeting: viz. William Ramsay, jun. banker, Edinburgh. Charles Lockhart Wishart of Lee and Carnwath. Sir John Nisbet of Dean, Bart. John Deas Thomson of Norton. William Pagan of Spittle Town. Walter Little Gilmour of Liberton and Craigmillier. And that Objections are lodged with the Sheriff Clerk of Edinburgh.

Archibald Bothwell of Glencourse, his being continued on said roll, as being denuded of the whole or part of the lands for which he stands enrolled.

FURNISHINGS

To the MID-LOTHIAN Regiment of Fencible Cavalry. ALL Tradesmen and other persons who have any claims upon the Mid-Lothian Regiment of Fencible Cavalry, are desired immediately to transmit the same, with an exact statement of whatever money has been received on account thereof, to Mr James Walker, W. S. No. 25, George Street, Edinburgh.

If the claims are not given in within a month from this date, they will not be paid. It is likewise requested, that every person who has at any former period furnished articles for the regiment, will send a statement thereof to Mr Walker, whether any part thereof has been paid or not. Edinburgh, 29th August 1799.

Trinity-House, Newcastle upon Tyne. In consequence of the recent instances of misfortune which have happened at Holy Island, whereby many lives, as well as much property, have been lost, for want of proper beacons to direct ships into that harbour when the weather is so bad that direct ships get off—the Master and Brethren of this House, by an application to Lord Tankerville, have obtained leave to erect Beacons on the south side of the said harbour, for the better direction of ships going in; which Beacons are now completed, and proper persons appointed to attend the same, and the trade may be accommodated with directions for going into the said harbour, by applying at the Custom-house here, and at Sunderland, paying a small contribution, annually for the support of such Beacons.

By Order HEN. SHADFORTH, Secretary. 20th August 1799.

TO THE PUBLIC

TRAVELLING POST TO THE SOUTH, LAKES, &c. THE INNKEEPERS from Edinburgh and on the Roads, on account of the present temporary high price of Corn, &c. having (with only one exception) advanced the price of Posting—the Innkeepers on the Middleton Road, beg leave respectfully to inform the Public, they continued a good and old and usual price 1s. per Mile, duty included. A good and pleasant road will recommend itself, and five miles the nearest. Able horses, careful drivers, and the best accommodations, by the Public's most obedient servants,

Wm. WILSON, Middleton. Wm. BROWN, Bank-house. JAMES DUNN, Selkirk. ROB. ARMSTRONG, Hawick. Wm. WILSON, Langholm.

August 25, 1799.

FOR READY MONEY ONLY.

—TO FAMILIES, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.—CAPITAL HYSON GREEN TEA, 7s. per lb. every leaf genuine; Hyson Tea, equal to that is now sold at 8s. and 9s. per pound. Superior Hyson Green Tea, 7s. 6d. equal to most that is sold at 10s. per lb.

Capital 5s. Souchong Tea, every leaf genuine; Souchong equal to most that is now sold, 6s. and 7s. per pound. Capital best imported high flavoured Gunpowder Green Hyson Tea, only 10s. and 11s. per pound, equal to what is now sold at 12s. and 14s. per pound.

All other sorts of Teas cheap in proportion. Coffee, Chocolate, Cocoa, fresh Spices, and Groceries, of the best qualities. Fine Raw Sugar (only) 10d.; Superfine India Sugar (only) 11d.; and best Lump Sugar only 1s. 1d.—all to tea customers.

AT SHEPPARD'S TEA SHOP, SOUTH BRIDGE STREET. A Savoury—Sheppard pays ready money for all his Teas, which enables him to sell on such favourable terms.

Proof—Sheppard sells one thousand pound weight of Teas at one penny per pound profit, is 41. 3s. 4d. in the time other dealers only sell fifty pounds weight, at one shilling per pound profit, is 21. 10s. The balance in favour of Sheppard, one penny per pound profit, is 11s. 3s. 4d. and a saving of eleven pence per pound to the public.

Orders with money, or bank bills to the nett amount, or change returned in goods, or orders for payment on delivery, will be strictly attended to.

AT LEITH FOR KINGSTON, JAMAICA, (With, or without convey.) THE ROSELLE, Letter of Marque, DAVID GOUKLEY Master, Will be ready to take in goods the 1st, and sail the 20th of September.

The Roselle is copper bottomed, well armed, a fast sailer, and good accommodation for passengers. N. E. Clerks, Mechanics, People bred to Husbandry Country Work, and Tradesmen in general may go by this vessel on very favourable terms. Apply to the Owners—Wm. SIBBALD & CO.

AT LEITH FOR LEIGHORN, THE SHIP CARRIER, Letter of Marque, JOHN STABLES Master, Is now ready to take in goods, and will sail the 20th of September. The Carrier will be well armed and manned, and is a fast sailer.—For freight or passage apply to same owners.

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AYR RACES.

THE STEWARDS for the Ayr Races intend they shall commence upon Tuesday the 24th of September next. The particular articles will be afterwards published. Ayr, August 24, 1799.

A PERSON respectfully connected wishes to form an engagement with an Established MERCANTILE or MANUFACTURING HOUSE.

He has been regularly bred to business—is now in the prime of life—and from hitherto experience, will be disposed to take an active share in conducting the correspondence, and in the superintendence of the Compting-house Department.

Any House who may have an opening for services of this nature, and who will also be inclined, upon suitable terms, to communicate a share in their business, may apply for further particulars to Mr John Lang, writer in Glasgow, or Mr Alexander Cunningham, writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

WANTED FOR A SHIP IN THE NAVY. A SCHOOLMASTER who can teach French and Navigation perfectly, and must produce certificates of character and abilities. Apply at the Printing Office.

BRITISH LINEN OFFICE, EDINBURGH, 27th AUGUST 1799.

THE DIRECTORS of the BRITISH LINEN COMPANY hereby give notice, That a Quarterly General Court of Proprietors will be held at their Office here, on Monday the second day of September next, at twelve o'clock noon, in terms of their Charter.

LOGWOOD FOR SALE AT LEITH. There will be exposed to Auction in the counting-house of William Sibbald and Co. merchants, Leith, on Friday the 30th instant, at twelve o'clock,

ABOUT FIFTY TONS of JAMAICA CHIPT LOGWOOD. To be put up in such lots as purchasers may incline.

NEW HOPS FOR SALE. FORTY POCKETS of the very best fine EAST KENT and FARNHAM HOPS. Apply to James Connel, Leith. Leith, Aug. 29.

TO BE SOLD FOR EXPORTATION. A Few Tons of Excellent RUSSIAN BEEF.—Apply to WILLIAM GALLAWAY, Insurance Broker and Agent, Edinburgh.

ROUP OF GROWN TIMBER AT GLENEAGLES, PERTHSHIRE. There will be exposed to public roup at Gleneagles, on Monday the 14th day of October next,

A Great Quantity of Full-grown TIMBER, consisting of Ash, Elm, Oak, Beech, Planetree, Larch, Hollie, Yew, and a variety of other Wood. Credit till Candlemas will be given.

PRESERVATION OF GAME. THE DUKE of ARGYLL being desirous to preserve the GAME on his Estates of Rosneath and Ardincaple, in Dumbartonshire, hopes no person will shoot thereon. All poachers and unqualified persons will be prosecuted; and his Grace's tenants have orders to challenge every person found shooting upon the grounds.

PRESERVATION OF GAME. LORD BLANTYRE being desirous to preserve the GAME on his Estates in the counties of East Lothian, Berwick, Lanark, Renfrew, and Dumbarton, hopes that no Gentleman will hunt or shoot thereon. Gamekeepers are appointed to watch the grounds, and all unqualified persons found trespassing will be prosecuted.

PRESERVATION OF GAME. Lieutenant-General Sir ROBERT ABERCROMBY being desirous to preserve the GAME on his Estates of Airthrey and Pendreich, in the counties of Perth, Stirling, and Clackmannan, hopes that no Gentleman will shoot thereon. A gamekeeper is appointed, who, as well as the tenants and servants, are instructed to watch the grounds and moors; and all poachers and unqualified persons found trespassing, will be prosecuted as the law directs.

PRESERVATION OF GAME. IT is requested that no Gentleman will shoot this season on the MUIRS of MOSSPLATT, belonging to Miss HAMILTON. Poachers and all unqualified persons will be prosecuted.

PRESERVATION OF GAME. Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable CHARLES HOPE being desirous to preserve the GAME on his Lands of Luffness, Wauington, and Westfortune, in the county of East Lothian, requests that no Gentleman will shoot thereon. Poachers will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour.

PRESERVATION OF GAME IN ARGYLLSHIRE. THE FOLLOWING HERITORS IN ARGYLLSHIRE, viz. His Grace the Duke of Argyll, Colonel Campbell of Lochell, Peter McDougall, younger of McDougall, David Campbell of Comby, Lieutenant-Colonel McLaine of Lochbui, Captain John Campbell of Airds, Major Campbell, younger of Balvecolan, Neil Malcolm of Poltalloch, John MacNeill, younger of Gigha, and Major McNeill of Udale, Have entered into an Association for the PRESERVATION of the GAME on their different estates, and have empowered to John Campbell, writer in Inveraray, at their joint expense, to prosecute all persons who shall hunt or shoot on their grounds, without the proprietors' leave in writing, and upon conviction of each delinquent to pay the informer One Guinea of a reward.

N. B.—Such of the other Heritors of Argyllshire as incline to become Members of this Association, will be pleased to signify the same by letter to the said John Campbell, and they will be enrolled accordingly.

G A M E. THE GAME on the EARL of ABERDEEN's estate, having been much hurt by the late hard Winter and Spring, particularly Partridges and Hares, he hopes no gentleman, or qualified person will shoot or hunt on his estates in the county of Aberdeen, without a written liberty signed by himself, and particularly on his estates in the parishes of Methlick, Fyvie, New Deer, Tarris, Ellon, and Logie Buchan. Poachers and unqualified persons may depend they will be prosecuted in terms of law, as the gamekeepers, ground officers, and tenants, on the different estates, have got strict orders to give immediate notice against all offenders.

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GRAND NAVAL PILLAR, TO PERPETUATE THE GLORIOUS VICTORIES OF THE BRITISH NAVY.

THE unexampled glory which the British Empire has acquired by its victorious fleets, during the present war, demands in a peculiar degree the gratitude of the nation to those distinguished characters, by whose skill, courage, and exertions, under the divine blessing of Almighty Providence, these resplendent victories have been achieved.

To commemorate these important victories, and to do just honour to those brave men by whom they have been gained, it is proposed, that a GRAND NAVAL PILLAR shall be erected on Portadown Hill, near Portsmouth, or some other place, which may hereafter appear more eligible.

That this National Monument of British glory may be solely the effusion of British gratitude, it is proposed that it be erected by general and voluntary contributions; and it is not doubted but a sufficient fund for so noble a purpose will very speedily be raised. The estimate, according to a design already made, amounts to about 15000l. and the Pillar is intended to display trophies descriptive of the unparalleled Victories obtained over the fleets of France, Holland, and Spain, by our Naval Commanders.

The Plan to be conducted and executed under the auspices of his Royal Highness the DUKE of CLARENDON.

Subscriptions received at all the Banking-houses; at the bar of Lloyd's Coffeehouse; and by the treasurer, Alexander Davidson, Esq. of St James's Square, London.

Amount of Subscriptions already received. L. 1492 15

Subscriptions received since last publication, viz. W. Wilberforce, Esq. M.P. for the county of York 10 10

Sir John Jervis White Jervis, Bart. 10 10

The Worshipful the Apothecaries Company 10 10

Messrs. Boddington and Sharp 10 10

Messrs. Castell, Powell, Son, and Wilson, bankers 10 10

Earl of Caryfort 10 10

William White, Esq. Highbury Place 21 0

The Worshipful Merchant Taylors Company 10 10

William Dent, Esq. Battersea Rise 10 10

Thomas Wilkinson, Esq. Bennet Street, St James's 10 10

Right Hon. Lord Hawkesbury 10 10

Hon. Philip Pusey 10 10

Earl of Cardigan 10 10

Captain Thomas Manby, of the Royal Navy 10 10

William Webb, Esq. 10 10

The Treasurer to the subscription for the erection of this Monumental Pillar of British glory, having received several suggestions on the propriety of smaller sums being received than TEN GUINEAS, to which the subscription has hitherto been apparently confined, and feeling a due respect for the wishes of the friends to participate in this perpetuation of the achievements of our Naval and Marine Heroes, the public are in consequence respectfully informed, that sums of any amount in future be accepted, it not being doubted, that those who have the means of subscribing largely, will contribute in such a manner as they shall deem the glorious object to deserve.

A GRAND SCHEME. ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY, 1799.

BEGINS DRAWING MARCH 3, 1800.

No. of Prizes. Val. of each. Total Val.

1 of L. 30,000 — L. 30,000

2 — 20,000 — 40,000

3 — 10,000 — 30,000

4 — 5,000 — 20,000

5 — 3,000 — 15,000

10 — 1,000 — 10,000

20 — 500 — 10,000

25 — 100

NOTICE OF REWARD.
ALEXANDER STALKER, Wright in Perth, having absconded within these ten days, and several stolen articles having been found in his custody, a Reward of TEN GUINEAS is hereby offered to any person who will secure Stalker in any jail in Scotland, within two months from this date—to be paid by Robert Peddie, Procurator Fiscal for the burgh of Perth, on his being so secured and identified.
ALEXANDER STALKER is about 35 years of age, dark complexion, and short black hair.
Perth, August 23, 1799.

SOUND INTELLIGENCE.
UPWARDS.
Aug. 13 Royal Bounty, Newton, from Leith to Petersburg.
Enterprise, Malcom, from Kirkcaldy to Copenhagen.
Henry, Beveridge, do. to Petersburg, ballast.
Nancy, Stewart, from Frasersburgh to do. do.
Adventure, Gillespy, from Leith to do. do.
Cato, Baxter, from Wemyss to Copenhagen, coals.
Betsey, Gray, from Newcastle to do. do.
Parthenon, Walker, from Grangemouth to Petersburg.
John, Caird, from Newcastle to do. do.
Nymph, Aikenhead, from do. to do. do.
James, Butcher, from do. to Riga, do.
Elizabeth, Hogg, from Montrose to do. do.
Christian and Janet, Millar, from Arbroath to do. do.
Mary, Taylor, from Leith to Petersburg, do.
Concord, Beal, from Dysart to Memel, do.
Nymph, Thornton, from Dundee to Riga, do.
Forth, Milne, from Montrose to Petersburg, ditto.
Rose, Johnston, from Wemyss for Copenhagen, coals.
Elbe, Salmon, from ditto for ditto, ditto.
Henrietta, Williams, from Montrose to Petersb. ballast.
Three Friends, Bernie, from ditto for Memel, ditto.
Nancy, Lyall, from Dundee for Petersburg, ditto.
Sea-blower, Bell, from Wemyss for ditto, ditto.
Barbary and Mary, Fowler, from Anstr. for ditto, ditto.
Britannia, Bisset, from Wemyss for ditto, ditto.
Industry, Forester, from Berwick to Narva, ballast.
Britton, Robertson, from Bo-ness to Petersburg, do.
Hamburgh Packet, Cleghorn, from Leith to do. goods.
Two Friends, Blue, from Mantrou to Stockholm.
Jenny, Thomson, from Leven to Memel, ballast.
Peggy, Cornick, from Frasersburgh to Petersburg, do.
Bradport, Ellice, from Inverness to Riga, do.
Aurora, Lyle, from Aberdeen to Petersburg, do.
Nancy, Kinnon, from Kincardine to Riga, do.
Betsey Drummond, Sime, from Perth to Petersburg.
Raith, Lyon, from Leith to Petersburg, coals.
Elizabeth and Ann, Kay, from Montrose to Stockholm.
Roman Vasilovitz, Ure, Grangemouth to Petersburg.
Calcedonia, McFarland, from Allica to Memel, ballast.
Merchant, Izat, from do. to do. do.
Charlotte, Strong, from do. to do. do.
Jean, Spittal, from do. to Petersburg, do.
Eliza Swan, Young, from Leith for Riga, ditto.
James and David, Cairns, from ditto for Petersb. ditto.
John and Jane, Young, from ditto for ditto, ditto.
Agnes, Rutherford, from ditto for Copenhagen, coals.
Betsey, Soutar, from ditto for Petersburg, ballast.
William and Jane, Deuchars, from ditto to Liebau, ditto.
Industry, Elder, from ditto to Petersburg, ditto.
Marjoribanks, McPherson, from ditto for Riga, ditto.
Eliza, Wingham, from Leith to Petersburg, ballast.
Hope, Barker, from ditto to ditto, ditto.
Bon Adventure, Paterson, from ditto to Riga, ditto.
Peggy, Brown, from ditto to Pillaw, goods.
Fame, Coutts, from ditto to Copenhagen, ditto.
Lively, Finlay, from Dundee to Petersburg, ballast.
Zephyr, Kay, from ditto to ditto, ditto.
Daphny, Kinnear, from ditto to ditto, ditto.
George, Clark, from ditto to ditto, ditto.
Diamond, Pullar, from ditto to ditto, ditto.
Blair, Kay, from ditto to ditto, ditto.
Camilla, Foreman, from ditto to ditto, ditto.
Peggy, Low, from Leith to Riga.
Ceres, Davidson, from Aberdeen to Petersburg.
This morning the Sally armed ship arrived from Leith Roads with a fleet of about 80 sail under her convoy. Yesterday the Venus Russian frigate arrived in the Sound from the Baltic, with troops on board; and this forenoon the British frigates Fision and Niger, upward bound.
Wind N. W. moderate weather.
ELISEUR, August 13. HOWDEN & CO.

LONDON GAZETTE—Aug. 24.
ADMIRALTY-OFFICE—August 20, 1799.
The King has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Samuel Barrington, Admiral of the White, to be General of his Majesty's Marine Forces, in the room of Earl Howe, deceased.
And also, the Right Honourable Alexander Lord Bridport, K. B. Admiral of the White, to be Lieutenant-General of the said Forces, in the room of the Honourable Samuel Barrington, promoted as above.
AUGUST 24.
Copy of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Dickson to EVAN NEPEAN, Esq. dated at Yarmouth the 20th instant.
SIR,
HEREWITH I transmit, for their Lordships information, a letter from Captain Boarder, of his Majesty's sloop L'Espegle, stating his success in company with the Pythades, in having cut out, burnt, and took possession of the vessels therein mentioned; and beg to recommend Captain Boarder to their Lordship's particular notice for his activity and zeal for the service, not only exemplified in this, but other preceding instances.
I am, Sir, &c. ARCH. DICKSON.
His Majesty's sloop L'Espegle, Yarmouth Roads, August 20, 1799.
SIR,
I HAVE to acquaint you of my arrival at this anchorage with his Majesty's sloop under my command, and of my having, in company with the Pythades sloop and Courier cutter, cut out and took possession of, on the 11th instant, from Shiermannikoo, the Craih gun brig, (formerly in our service,) mounting twelve guns, eighteen, twenty-four, and thirty-two pounders; as also having burnt a schooner of seventy men; likewise took possession of a row-boat, of thirty men: we then landed on the island, (having previously drove the men from the battery,) spiked four pieces of cannon, and brought off two brass field-pieces, four pounders.
The Craih made an obstinate resistance from forty to fifty minutes, and then struck.
I am happy to add, not more than two men were killed on our side, and three wounded, and recommend the Craih as an excellent vessel, well calculated for his Majesty's service, being of a small draught of water. I cannot but express my satisfaction on our keeping the ships afloat, as in many places our soundings proved there to be not more than fourteen feet, the Espiegle drawing twelve.
I am, Sir, &c. JAMES BOARDER.
Vice-Admiral Dickson.

FRANCE.
PARIS—FRUCTIDOR, AUGUST 18.
A letter from Bourdeaux, dated 22d Thermidor, (August 9.), says, "The following are some of those disastrous events of which this city has recently been the theatre. A table, having for its title *Plus d'Anarchistes ou la Mort*, had been posted upon all the walls. This paper, which had been already distributed in great numbers at Paris, contains an apology for the reign of terror, and condemns the proceedings of the 9th Thermidor (July 27). The citizens of Bourdeaux tore down these anonymous papers; the Jacobins seized some young persons who had been concerned in tearing them down, and brought them to the central office of the department. The officers decreed that the papers should

be torn down as being printed on blank paper, and being anonymous. On the next day, in the morning, the placard was again fixed on the walls in still greater numbers than before; and having all the requisites prescribed by the law; the citizens again tore them down, amidst the cries of "Vive la Republique, Vive la Constitution de l'An 3. A bas les Jacobins!" They then sent a numerous deputation to the Constituted Authorities, conjuring them to remove from the public view those manifestoes of civil war. They obtained a promise that this should be done; and in the mean time a patrolle of the Grand Quille appeared on the spot. They had at their head a municipal officer, with his scarf. The cry of *Vive la Constitution, A bas les Jacobins!* was now heard from among the unarmed crowd, who had gathered around. Immediately the municipal officer ordered a charge to be beat, and gave the word to fire.—Some citizens and two women were wounded. After this exploit the assassins retired, leading away one of their victims. Indignant at this, the citizens crowded to the central office to demand justice. A deputation was invited to enter; but, in the interval, the patrolle, who had already fired near the Theatre, arrived, and again fired upon the assembled people. A young man was killed by this fire, and eight or ten wounded. A citizen giving his arm to his wife, as they were passing by accident, had both his thighs broken by a bullet.

Accounts from Bourdeaux paint the situation of that commune in the most melancholy colours. They exhibit victims in prison, and assassins at liberty. They state, that they fired on the people on the 7th, and even upon the women, from a balcony opposite the Augustins, at the place St Julien; that on the 8th, a Commissary of the Department was assassinated, and the assassins set at liberty by the officer of the Police; that on the 10th, as Citizen Riviere, first dancer at the opera, was coming out of a house where he had been giving a lesson, a Commissary of Police, at the head of a patrolle, cried out, "Stop, Chouan!" that Riviere, without knowing this order was addressed to him, turned about, when the Commissary came up, blew out his brains, and proceeded calmly on his course. We were not without the most lively anxiety for this same day, notwithstanding the invitation given to the Citizens to remain within doors. It is particularly the Central Bureau that these charges affect. We are obliged to relate, but without pretending to vouch for the contents, which the spirit of party may have perverted or exaggerated.
In the sitting of the Council of Five Hundred of 12th of August, Marquize spoke as follows:—"One more fact to add to the thousand you have already, respecting the royalist conspiracy. Here are the royal insignia addressed by mistake to a female at Toulon, who was supposed to be a royalist, with the following letter:

"MY DEAR LADY,
Knowing your attachment to the cause of the unfortunate Louis XVI. I send you the inclosed insignia, which all honest friends of monarchy should wear at the moment of the explosion, which will soon take place, to place Louis XVIII. on the throne of his fathers.—Vive la Religion! Vive le Roi!
"CHEVALIER DE THIONVILLE."
On the fete of the 10th of August, a ball from a full wounded a young man. There were other balls fired. Barras and Sieyes heard several whistles past their ears as they stood on the platform.
The barriers of Paris have been shut, and the domiciliary visits have been continued.
Yesterday ball-cartridges were delivered to the troops on service, and to-day a post has been established near the Temple of Victory, where troops of the line are to perform the service.
The Minister of War to the Commanders in Chief of the armies, and the Generals of Division in the Interior.

PARIS, 18 Thermidor, August 5.
I receive every day serious and multiplied complaints with respect to the delays which take place in the payment of the troops. Such abuses cannot be longer tolerated, and it is my duty to investigate the causes of them. You will assist me in my efforts; I request, therefore, you will transmit to me, without delay, an account of the sum due to each corps, with the proper certificates, and all the documents you can procure relative to the object of my letter, that I may be enabled to invoke the punishment of the law on the guilty, if there be really such.
BERNADOTTE.

BUONAPARTE'S EXPEDITION.
Extract of a Letter from Mr. ROBERT, on board the Tigre, dated at Acre, April 28.
We anchored on the 15th of March off Mount Carmel (a place much spoken of in Scripture), which with Mount Blanch, forms the bay in which Acre is situated. Two days after we arrived here, Buonaparte and his army came in sight, and took a place called Caiffa, opposite to Acre. The Turks had informed us that the French could not pass any other way but between Mount Carmel and the sea; we accordingly hauled over, and lay within gun-shot of the pass. But that Buonaparte is no fool is, I believe, well known, and the next night he deceived us by coming round the inland part of Mount Carmel. However, if we missed the army, we caught the fleet, which consisted of nine gun-boats and a corvette, loaded with ammunition and heavy pieces of cannon for battering. They all fell into our hands except the corvette and one gun-boat, and if there had been any other vessel with us, we would have taken them all. The Thefeus was away upon the look-out.
We distressed Buonaparte much, but he invested the fortress next day, and has made many furious attempts to take it by storm, but hitherto they have proved fruitless. He has seven or eight batteries open upon the town, and keeps up a continual fire, but has not yet effected a breach. We have turned his own weapons against him, for the gun-boats are in two divisions, and they, as well as the town and ourselves, are continually firing at his forts; but they are of sand, and what damage we do through the day, is repaired by night.—They heave shells very near us, but their shot goes over us, and they have not done the ship much damage. From the time we have been here we have lost in killed and wounded 54. I have yet escaped, and I hope I shall, though every man takes his turn in going ashore to work at the guns in the fortifications. The enemy's entrenchments come within five yards of the walls, and if they see an Englishman, they immediately fire at him in preference to a Turk. Captain Wilnot, of the Alliance, was killed six days ago, and Sir Sydney Smith had a ball through his hat. To provoke them to fire it is sufficient to put a hat on a ram-rod, and hoist it just above the wall—they are sure to hit it, having many riflemen among them. One day our long-boat was taken, with 21 men in her—2 officers and 9 seamen

were killed, and 14 wounded. Sir Sydney has sent several flags of truce; but Buonaparte will not exchange prisoners. It is said he uses them very well. Yesterday all the men on shore were put in a state of quarantine, owing to the plagues breaking out in the garrison. God knows what will be the consequence. It is very hot, hot, and when the wind blows from the shore, it is as hot as if it came from an oven. The Turks cut off the heads of the French they take, and the Pacha pays them five sequins for every head. I have heard that the 'Turks' would not fight, but I know they will.—They are as brave as any others; but their manoeuvring is not equal to that of Europeans.
We beat to quarters two or three times a-day, and give them a broadside or two each time, besides keeping up a continual fire with a few guns all day long. Sir Sidney's confident, Mr Wright, is badly wounded; he received three balls in his right shoulder. There have been killed Mr Lambert, Mr Goodman, and a young man of 16, of the name of Gell; he was officer of the long boat at the time she was taken, and was buried by the French with the honours of war. They say he was a prodigy, that he was cheering the men in the boat when he received his death-wound, though he had been wounded two or three times before. The Thefeus has suffered a great deal in her crew, but not so much as we have. We had two men killed, two wounded, and one missing yesterday.
J. R.

AUGUST 26.
THE SECRET EXPEDITION.
Extract of a letter from an Officer embarked in the secret expedition.
Tend, S. E. distant six leagues, wind N. W. Saturday, Aug. 24, 2 P. M.

I have great satisfaction in the opportunity of writing to you, and of acquainting you with the welfare of our fleet. We have experienced some bad weather since our sailing, but happily not a single accident has happened, except to one vessel, having the Hospital Staff on board, which carried away her mainmast. I shall now endeavour to give a general idea of our proceedings, as I am certain the public will receive with pleasure the information which I have to give.
On Sunday the 28th, Admiral Lord Duncan was joined by the Hound cutter, which had on board Captain Finlay of the engineers; and on Tuesday the Dolphin cutter reached the Kent with dispatches, apprising Lord Duncan of our having failed from the Downs.—His Lordship had been some days before joined by the Russian Squadron and troops, and was at this time indefatigable in making preparations for landing.
Tuesday last was a remarkable fine day, and every man in Lord Duncan's fleet was looking out most anxiously for our arrival, as it was proposed by his Lordship that the whole of the troops should have been landed in the course of that night, which might, it seems, have been easily effected; and his Lordship had all the Russian troops, the British marines, and five hundred volunteer seamen, of both nations, ready to step into the boats. The latter volunteered their services to drag up and fight the heavy guns in the trenches. They were to be commanded by officers of their respective nations.
The Wednesday passed in the most anxious look-out for our convoy. We were standing on to the N. E. all in our fleet supposing that our destination was the W. Fer.

At ten o'clock on Thursday the 15th we descried Lord Duncan standing towards us. The Circe frigate had reached his Lordship at day-break, to acquaint him with our approach. His Lordship had stood off the land to join us, as it now blew a top-gallant breeze, and there was rather too much swell upon the shore to admit of the troops being easily landed. The Admiral, however, had left the Russian Squadron, with some of his own ships, close off the mouth of the Texel.
At noon on Thursday it came on to blow a very heavy gale, which continued the whole of the day with a very heavy sea, which unpleasant weather lasted till Tuesday morning last: It then began to moderate, and Lord Duncan had on that day at noon communication for the first time with Sir Ralph Abercrombie and Vice-Admiral Mitchell.
The Cynthia joined the fleet the day after us. She had under her convoy 20 vessels, with a number of cutters having the cavalry on board. The day before she joined us, they had stood off close in shore; that they were perfectly seen; and I have the satisfaction of being able to assure you, that it was a sight most agreeable to the great majority of the people on shore, as they will receive us, we have every reason to believe, with open arms.
After the gale ceased, which had blown chiefly S. to S. W. we found ourselves sixteen leagues from the land. A calm succeeded it, and during the remainder of Tuesday, and the whole of that night, the troop and cavalry ships had scarcely steerage way.

"It is impossible to do too much justice to the admirable manner in which our fleet has been conducted by Admiral Mitchell. He has brought us all safe thro' a very heavy tempest, which, when the number of our fleet is considered, reflects great praise on his judgment and attention. Our fleet consists of 166 sail with troops, eleven luggers, with 50 flat-bottomed boats, for the purpose of disembarking the troops. To these are to be added, the Cynthia's convoy of 24 ships with cavalry, with the cutters, making in all 200 sail; and yet, I write it with as much pleasure as I am sure you will read it, there is not one missing, or out of her station, in the whole fleet.
On Wednesday we again approached the land, and we could observe the outer ships of the enemy shifting their stations, and apparently moving farther up.
Thursday was intended to be the great and important day. Every necessary arrangement was made for a landing, and for a sea attack at the same time. The following

LINE OF BATTLE
was given out by Admiral Lord Duncan:
Glatton, Capt. Cobb, to lead
Ritvisnow, (Russian) — Greig
Romney, — Lawford
Veteran, — Dickson
Mistislaw, (Russian) — Muller
Monmouth, — Hart
Belligues, — Builel
Isis, } Vice-Admiral Mitchell
Ardenit, } Capt. Oughton
America, } — Berne
Overyssel, } — Smith
— Bazely

The Kent, Lord Duncan's flag ship, the Russian flag ship, and some other of the larger men of war, cannot enter the Texel, as there is not a sufficient depth of water for them.
Every arrangement was thus admirably made. The whole fleet on Wednesday evening were at anchor within two miles of the shore, off a place called Kickdown, the boats were in readiness to receive the troops, short we thought we had nothing to do but to step in them—every one in the highest spirits, and eager for the common cement of the business.
At three o'clock on Thursday morning the drums, every ship and vessel in the fleet were heard beating arms, and in a few minutes every one was ready—eight o'clock, A. M. the signal was made from the Kent for the transports to get under weigh, and to proceed within half a mile of the shore, the tide not being our purpose sooner. At this moment, big with expectation to us all, a flag of truce was seen standing upon the Texel from our fleet. Its purpose, we learnt, was to apprise the Dutch of the true motives of our expedition—to rescue them from the tyranny of France and restore their ancient Government.
The gun boats and other small vessels had taken stations between the transports and the shore, and the men of war were just making sail to stand in in the battle, when the wind, which had been easterly blowing a fine gentle breeze, shifted to the S. W. with every appearance of blowing weather again coming on. Most fortunately the fleet was partly under weigh, and the rest got off immediately, for at noon it came on to blow with as much violence as before, and continued so to do all that day and yesterday. Happily, however, the whole fleet again escaped without accident or damage.
At the moment that I write, the weather is fine and moderate, and we are now standing in for the Texel with a fine breeze at N. W.; but the swell in consequence of the gale is so heavy, that we have no idea we shall be landed before to-morrow morning; then I have no doubt we shall most successfully execute the important service upon which we are sent.

The return of the flag of truce I understand to have been most favourable. Admiral Storey, and all the Dutch officers and seamen are ready to deliver up the fleet for the Stadtholder, and we have every reason to believe things will go on as favourably for us on Thursday.
The Cobourg cutter is about to be dispatched to England, but though I am much pressed for time, should deem it an act of injustice, were I to omit mentioning, and praising as it deserves, the characteristic spirit of British seamen.
It is a fact which has been mentioned to me by several naval officers in the fleet, that before we joined Lord Duncan the seamen and marines of his fleet expressed the unanimous wish that they might be allowed to land, to form a battery or take some post, for the purpose of receiving the fiery edge of the enemy, and to give the troops an opportunity of recovering from their fatigues, before they were brought into action.

We have suffered not a little from sea-sickness, but thank God! it is the only sickness we have among us. There never was a set of men more eager to advance the glory and interests of their country than the who compose our fleet and army.
I have no doubt but I shall very soon have the most agreeable tidings to communicate.
The above was received by the Cobourg cutter, which left Lord Duncan on Saturday afternoon the 24th instant.

Two battalions of the 17th regiment, and two of the 40th, with other troops, consisting in the whole of 3000 men, arrived at Deal yesterday morning, and were immediately embarked on board the transports in the Downs, by means of the Deal boats.
The 7th, 10th, 11th, and 15th light dragoons, amongst the regiments to be embarked for the Continent, where the number of cavalry (already ordered) will amount to 9700 men; to which are to be added 1000 artillery, being, if we do not much err, a greater number of each than was sent from this country at any time on any preceding occasion. The fatal effects of our former drowsy system is, perhaps, the strongest argument that could be adduced in favour of the energy of the present.

His Royal Highness the Duke of York went on Friday to Ostland, from whence he was on Monday to set off for Barham Downs, to take in person the command of the troops destined for the second embarkation.
The Colonels commanding the several militia regiments who have completed their quota to the regulars have received the following letter:—

—(CIRCULAR)—
DOWNING-STREET, AUG. 21, 1799.
In obedience to the King's commands, I have to signify to you the great satisfaction his Majesty has received from the success which has attended the execution of the General Order issued by his Royal Highness the Commander in Chief on the 13th ult. in the regiment under your command. At the same time that his Majesty acknowledges in the strongest manner the high sense he entertains of the loyalty and public spirit manifested by the regiment in general on this occasion, he is also unacquainted with your personal exertions; and the officers who have assisted in promoting this highly important measure.
For these proofs of your and their zeal in carrying into execution the most effectual measure yet devised by the wisdom of Parliament, for the vigorous prosecution of this just and necessary war, I am expressly charged to convey to you the assurance of his Majesty's warmest approbation; and I am to desire you will communicate the same to the officers, who, by the cordial co-operation with you, have contributed by their industry and assistance, to the successful execution of the provisions of the late act, in the regiment under your command.
I have now only to trouble you to transmit to me a return of the present strength of your regiment, according to the form herewith inclosed, in order that I may lay the same before his Majesty, and receive his further pleasure thereupon. I have the honour to be, your most obedient humble servant.
HENRY DUNDAS.

His Majesty has signified his Royal intention of reviewing, in the course of the week, the fleet under the command of Lord Keith.

The Duke of Gloucester is to have the chief command of the army, during the Duke of York's stay on the Continent.

The Stadtholder has called in all his debts preparatory, as it is supposed, to his leaving this country.
Private letters from Leghorn announce the entry of his Sicilian Majesty into his capital, with a suite of 700 persons; the same letters announce the capture of Paano, the only place in the Papal States in the possession of the French, Ancona excepted.
Letters from Berne of the 8th inst. state, that the military operations in Switzerland have been suspended till after the harvest, and that the Archduke is repairing to the Lower Rhine, there to form a new army, and Gen. Hotze is to command in his absence.

HAMBURG MAIL

TRIESTE—JULY 25.

Yesterday an English officer arrived in this port, who is hastening with dispatches from Admiral Lord Nelson to Vienna, with the pleasing intelligence that Ferdinand IV. King of both Sicilies, made his solemn entry into Naples on the 10th, amidst the loudest demonstrations of joy on the part of his subjects. The French garrison of Fort St Elmo had surrendered at discretion, and, before the King's arrival at Naples, 260 chiefs of the rebels had been put into chains, and will soon be tried.

TURIN—July 27.

Field Marshal Suvarrow broke up from the camp at Alessandria on the 25th against the Genoese, preceded by a great number of troops and a formidable artillery. The French have entirely destroyed the road, leading from the Bochetta to Genoa.

MILAN—JULY 30.

The Imperial army left the environs of Alessandria on the 26th; one column under General Kaim marched against Coni to besiege that place; another commanded by General Melas, goes against Savona. Field Marshal Suvarrow transferred his headquarters on the 26th to Firegarolo, and on the following day to Novi where he still remained on the 28th. The army, which was encamped before Piacenza, advanced as far as Bruno on the banks of the Po; its outposts went as far as Caltoggio. It appears, that this corps, 16,000 men strong, will immediately form the reserve, and advance afterwards on the road of Bobbio to the eastern part of the Riviera di Genoa, while Suvarrow will be marching straight to Genoa. Six battalions have been detached from the grand army against Tortona.

ROVERETO—AUGUST 3.

On the 30th, in the evening, the Austrian troops made their solemn entry into Mantua, and were received amidst the loudest demonstration of joy by the inhabitants. Field-Marshal Lieutenant Zoph is now Austrian Commandant of that fortress.

At the headquarters of the Austro-Russian grand army has been published the following manifesto:

"The army is on the eve of entering the territory of the Republic of Genoa; it does not come as an enemy, but to free that Republic from the yoke of her oppressors, and their satellites. It comes to restore the old Government, and holy religion, polluted with impiety. It grants a general oblivion of the past to the malevolent, if they will return to virtue, good order, and their lawful Government."

AUGSBURG—August 7.

This day arrived here, the first division of the second Russian column, under Lieut. General Prince Gortzalkoff, consisting of 4239 men.

STOCKS.

BANK STOCK	INDIA STOCK
3 per cent. ann. 67 1/2	Long Ann. 18 1/2
4 per cent. ann. 67 1/2	Short ditto 19 1/2
5 per cent. ann. 67 1/2	Omnia 19 1/2

This day, (Aug. 26) at twelve o'clock,
3 per cent. ann. 67 1/2 — Omnia 19 1/2
Exchange on Dublin 11 1/2

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—AUGUST 29.

The Hamburg mail due on Wednesday last, and that which became due on Sunday, arrived on Monday. The contents of these mails have been for the most part anticipated by the French papers. The capture of Mantua and of Alessandria has placed nearly 40,000 men at the disposal of the allies, which may be divided between Marshal Suvarrow and the Archduke, increasing thus the superiority of the former, and rendering the latter equal in strength to Massena. We have reason to suppose that in the course of this month the French will be entirely driven from the state of Genoa, and that if they are not entirely so from Switzerland, the Archduke will at least be in a situation to preserve his present position there, and even to improve it.

The next month will present a more extensive and more interesting scene, both in a political and military point of view, than any of the months which have elapsed of this eventful year. Marshal Suvarrow will arrive with his victorious phalanxes on the frontiers of Provence and Dauphiny; the Archduke, powerfully reinforced by the new Russian army, will fight his way in order to penetrate to the frontiers of Franche-comte and Alsace; General Zuray will probably force the French to abandon the right bank of the Rhine; a new army of 50,000 English or Russians, supplying the place, but with greater strength, of the old army of the Lower Rhine, in 1794, will proceed to effect the deliverance of the north-west of Europe. It is then that the Republicans will be attacked on the whole line, from the shores of the Mediterranean to those of the North Sea, and will have to support themselves against the exertions of 300,000 Austrians, Russians, and English, with the probable support of 100,000 Imperialists, Swiss, Piedmontese, or other troops.

Against this force, what means have the Republicans of defence? We gave a few days ago the exact statement of their effective force from the Texel to Genoa, and we showed that it did not amount to more than 150,000 men, twenty thousand of which were Dutch. It is calculating the outside when we suppose, that on the 1st of September the French army can have 20,000 men more than it had on the 1st of August, when we take into consideration the losses which it will have sustained in the course of this month, the draught of troops which will become necessary in consequence of the new insurrections that have broken out in France.

We may therefore with truth assert, that next month the allies will have at least 100,000 men in arms more than their adversaries, and perhaps much more, if, as we have reason to believe, an army of the Empire is forming.

According to the regulations which were made on this subject at the end of the last century, the Quintuple Contingent of the Empire is 200,000 men, and it would be very easy for it to furnish a fourth part immediately; its army nearly amounted to that proportion in 1794. The picture of the financial distress and political disorganization of France, which our readers have had before their eyes during the last two months, gives us no reason to apprehend any unexpected display of force. More than nine months have elapsed since the levy of 200,000 conscripts has been decreed, and notwithstanding the rigour with which it has been executed, the French army has been nevertheless reduced to the degree of weakness which we have just pointed out.

It is hardly necessary for us to insist on the few pecuniary resources of the French Government, since, in spite of the hundred fittings dedicated to the subject of finance by the two Councils, the Directory have been

for more than two months unable to raise a loan of 120,000. Sterling, and since we see their *Tiers Consoles* reduced to a value of no more than seven livres per cent. The opposition of the Jacobins to the Government, but still more the actual war, which has broken out in several parts of France, the Royalists, and the apathy of the rest of the nation, leave no probability of a powerful union of hearts and of hands in favour of the Directory. We consider ourselves as having shown the great advantages which the allies have in several most important respects over their enemies; we flatter ourselves that the result will be agreeable to all the probabilities, and that fortune will range herself on that side on which justice, strength, and the interests of the human species are to be found.

We give the following details in addition to the intelligence brought by the Hamburg mail, on the authority of our private correspondent at Hamburg:—

HAMBURG—August 17.

General Suvarrow entered the territory of the Ligurian Republic on the afternoon of the 27th of July, and immediately dispatched Count Hohenzollern at the head of a large body of troops against the city of Genoa. The only impediment to the march of the Austro-Russian will be the pass of La Bochetta, which is defended by the French. It is, however, confidently asserted here, that Genoa has fallen into the hands of the allies.

The Russian troops at first intended to be sent to Switzerland have now changed their route and are proceeding towards Kehl, probably with the design of passing the Rhine, attacking Strasbourg, and turning the army under the command of Massena.

HULL—August 27, 1799.

"I have to inform you, that this forenoon arrived here the Cobourg cutter, Lieutenant O'Neill, from the fleet off the Texel, which left on Saturday last. This cutter was five times into the Texel with flags of truce; the last time with Colonel Maitland, and a Captain of one of the men of war, who dined with the Dutch Admiral Stokely, and had a long conference—and it was understood in the fleet, that the Dutch would give up the Texel and fleet so soon as they considered the English in force sufficient to protect them; and it was even said that the English fleet would enter the Texel next morning, Sunday last."

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

On the 21st instant, the day appointed for presenting colours to the Montrose Loyal Volunteers, at 11 o'clock, the corps assembled, proceeded to Rosie, two miles distant, and drew up in front of the new mansion-house. The ground was kept by a party of the Royal Volunteers. At one o'clock, Mrs. Ross, accompanied by upwards of 200 ladies and gentlemen, came upon the ground, and were received by presented arms. The colours were placed upon a temporary altar, and the Rev. Dr. Paton, in a strain of animated loyalty, and pious eloquence, consecrated them. They were then delivered by Mrs. Ross to Major-Commandant Ross, with an address expressive of respect and approbation for the zeal and loyalty of the corps. The colours being given to the officers appointed to receive them, and the Commandant having briefly addressed the corps, signifying his firm persuasion, that in strict conformity with the purpose of the solemn ceremony, at which they had then assisted, they would at all times, by their courage and conduct, evince their attachment to their King, their country, and their religion; the corps broke into open column, and passed in review, saluting the company, which was more numerous than had on any similar occasion appeared in that quarter. After the review, the company, and the whole of the volunteers, officers, and men, were entertained with an elegant cold collation, in the mansion. The day was peculiarly favourable, and the whole ceremony most satisfactorily conducted. It is but justice to say, that they are a very handsome body of men, exceedingly well dressed, and made a soldier-like good appearance.

On the 19th current, the Yeomanry Cavalry of the county of Linlithgow marched into quarters, the second time this season, in the town of Linlithgow; and on the 22d, the Abercorn, Queensferry, and Borrowstounnes Companies of Infantry Volunteers, joined the Linlithgow Company at Linlithgow. The whole together formed a very fine body of about 350 men, who went through their exercise and different manoeuvres in presence of the Earl of Hoxton, Lord Lieutenant of the county, the Honourable Colonel Andrew Cochran, Johnstone, Governor of the Island of Dominica, Gen. Maxwell, and a numerous and general company of spectators, who all expressed their highest approbation of the appearance of the corps, and their steadiness and expertise in their exercise, which would have done honour to any old established regiment. Before the Yeomanry Cavalry left quarters, they unanimously ordered a present of a piece of plate to Mr. Lewis Perrier, their Lieutenant and Adjutant, as a small testimony of their esteem and gratitude for his attention to the discipline of the corps, ever since they were embodied.

On the 19th inst. the lately formed corps of the Royal Aberdeen Light Infantry Volunteers were inspected on the links by Major-General Hay. There were about 600 on the field, including a company of artillery, attached to the battalion, with two field-pieces. The corps performed the manoeuvres ordered for a review in a style of correctness and steadiness that did them much credit, and the General was pleased to express his approbation of their appearance and conduct in the most flattering terms. The day was uncommonly fine, and the crowd of spectators immense. The uniform of this corps is peculiarly becoming and military, being marked turned up with blue, and helvets. After the inspection, General Hay and the Commanding Officers of the different corps in town, dined with the Officers of the Royal Aberdeen Light Infantry Volunteers, at Gordon's.

Monday morning, the Royal Dumfriess Yeomanry Cavalry, commanded by Captain M. Murr, marched from this place for Kirkcubright, where they have agreed to be stationed for 14 days for the purpose of drilling.

EAST LOTHIAN YEOMANRY CAVALRY.

On Saturday last, at Yeffer Halls, the colours prepared by the MARCHIONESS OF TWEDDALE were presented to the Second or Seaton troop of East Lothian Yeomanry Cavalry, before a numerous and respectable company.

The three troops of yeomanry cavalry attended upon the occasion, and the colours, after being consecrated by prayer, by the Reverend Mr. GEORGE HAMILTON, minister of Gladsmuir, were presented to Sir JAMES BAIRD, Commander of the corps, by LADY MARY HAY, with the following address, which she delivered with much elegance and ease.

Many loyal and patriotic toasts were given by the company within, and repeated with volleys of musketry by the infantry without. The fineness of the weather and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, added much to the splendor of the sight. Music and dancing concluded the entertainments of the day, and a happier or more loyal company has seldom been assembled on any occasion.

Colonel Sir JAMES BAIRD, "I have the honour to present these colours to you and the corps of East Lothian yeomanry cavalry, of which our gracious Sovereign has given you the command. From the tried bravery and experience of the commander, and the acknowledged loyalty, discipline, and ardour of the corps, our King and country have reason to be fully satisfied, that these ensigns adorned with the ancient emblems of Scottish spirit and independence, are now committed to safe and zealous hands. Should, Sir, the exigencies of public service, in defence of the public order, religion and laws, summon them forth into the field, the yeomanry of East Lothian will cheerfully obey the summons, and exert themselves for those dear objects, in a manner worthy of the patriotic example they so early held out to the other corps, and of the respectable state their county holds in the general honour and welfare of Great Britain. As a member of that county, I anticipate with pride the laurels their military efforts will gain, as I do with joy the

happy issue of these efforts, when after contributing their share to the attainment of the great common object, I shall see them return into the bosom of their families, and to the renewal of those useful labours which the women of East Lothian have so long pursued with so much credit and success."

Sir JAMES BAIRD on receiving the colours from Lady MARY, delivered them to the Cornet of the troop, and then made the following reply:—

"MY LADY,

"I thank you in the name of the East Lothian yeomanry cavalry, for the very handsome manner in which you have presented their colours, and from my knowledge of every individual in the troop, I can with confidence assure you, that while one of them remains, the standard which you have now entrusted to their care, shall never be sullied with any stain by the efforts of either internal or external foe."

A detachment of about 60 of the Dunbar Volunteers, under the command of Major MIDDLETON, with great politeness offered their services on the occasion. They marched from Dunbar to Yeffer that morning, to guard the ground during the ceremony, and after the colours were delivered, they fired three volleys with their usual precision in honour of the day.

A sumptuous entertainment was prepared, to which the Lord Lieutenant of the county, with the Deputy Lieutenants, and the three troops of the yeomanry cavalry, amounting to above a hundred in number, sat down in the hall; whilst nearly as many more, whom the house could not contain, were entertained upon the green.

BIRTH.

On Saturday morning, Mrs. ELLIOT, wife of Mr. William Elliot, was safely delivered of two daughters, at Kello.

On Monday last, Mrs. GRANT, of Congalton, was safely delivered of a daughter, at Rockville House, near Lothian.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday night, the Rev. Dr. KEMP, to Lady ELIZABETH HOPE.

On the 20th instant, Aberdeen, Lieutenant BURTON, of the Rutland Light Dragoons, to Miss ELIZA PATON, daughter of John Paton, Esq. of Grandhouse.

DIED.

On Saturday last, at her house in Reid's Court, Canongate, Miss JANE STOBIE, daughter of the late Mr. John Stobie, writer in Edinburgh.

At Bridgehouse, on Sunday last, Mr. ROBERT MINTON, writer in Edinburgh.

At her house in the Isle of Sky, Mrs. MACLEOD of Rassy.

At Edinburgh, on the 23d current, aged 75 years, Mr. JOHN BIGGAR, for many years one of the most extensive linen manufacturers in this country, and a most worthy character in all the private duties of his station, which renders his death much and justly regretted by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

In Hamburg, on the 5th instant, of an inflammation in his throat, SYLVESTER GOTTINGER, portrait painter, a native of Berlin in Prussia.

The Duke and Duchess of Rutland arrived at Dumfries on Friday last.

Monday, the remains of his Grace the Duke of HAMILTON, were interred in the family vault at Hamilton.

Wednesday the Leeward Island West-India fleet, consisting of 150 sail, passed by the harbour of Cork, under convoy of his Majesty's ships, Santa Margareta and Matilda. This fleet left Martinico on the 22d June, and encountered several violent gales of wind on their passage. The Santa Margareta captured last Tuesday, a very large vessel from the Isle of France, supposed to be an East-India ship of immense value.

By letters from Leeds it appears that the damage sustained by the late conflagration of the premises of Messrs WORMALD and Co. amounts to 80,000l. only 30,000l. of which was insured. It is strongly suspected that the premises have been wilfully set on fire.

On Saturday last, a field of very fine barley, the property of Mr. BRAND of Mountbainhall, was cut down at the College, in the neighbourhood of Dumfries.

If the weather continues favourable, the harvest in that quarter will soon become general. The crops were never known to be more abundant.

On Saturday last, barley harvest was begun at Fraserfield, near the bridge of Don, at Tully near Kintore, and at Fyvie.

Several cargoes of fresh herrings arrived at Whitehaven last week. One boat began to fall about six o'clock on Wednesday morning, and in three hours, the whole of the cargo was disposed of; it consisted of 30,000 herrings, at a halfpenny each!

We are happy to hear the herring fishing has opened with much success in Lochin and other Lochs in the Highlands.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Aug. 24. Industry, Gavin, from Liverpool, salt and staves—Providence, Peckles, from Bon-ne, oats.

26. Nelly, Knox, from Alloa, wheat—Ceres, Bruce, from London, goods—Blackness, Wood, from Uda Reel, fish and salt, prize to the Ross cutter—Helen, Barton, from Alloa, goods—Glasgow Packet, Hall, from London, ditto.

27. Polly, Watson, from Anstruther, goods—Helen, Smith, from Inverness, ditto—Tweed Packet, Ord, from London, ditto—Leith Packet, Scott, from ditto, ditto—Britannia, Nisbet, from ditto, ditto—Coccard, Taylor, from St. Uist, kelp—Active, Sellar, from North Uist, ditto—Elizabeth, Watson, from M'Duff, grain.

28. Kelo Packet, Moor, from London, goods—Hope, Riddley, from Dantzic, wheat—Commercial Packet, Mosley, from London, goods—Admiral Duncan, Stewart, from Greenock, ditto—Six sloops with coals.

CLEARED OUT.

28. Janet, Turpie, for London—Ann, Avitt, for Whitby—Elizabeth, Hunter, for Greenock—William and Isobel, Galloway, for Glasgow—James, Eddell, for Newcastle—Nelly, McLean, for Ayr—Libard, Douglas, for Inverness—Alexander, Millar, from Thurso—Jean, Craig, from Glasgow—Catherine and Isobel, Nairn, for Perth—Elizabeth, Brown, for Sunderland—Peggy, Clark, for Dundee—Ceres, Bruce, for Leith—Glasgow Packet, Hall, for ditto, all with goods—Mary and Eleanor, Bromley, for Hull, wool.

Wind W. moderate.

* For Sound Shipping see the first column of the foregoing page.

EDINBURGH PRICES OF MEAL, Aug. 27.

Lothian Oatmeal, 65 bolls.	South Country,
Mill Lothian per boll.	South Country per boll.
First, 1 7 6	First, 1 8 0
Second, 1 7 0	Second, 1 7 0
Third, 1 6 6	Third, 1 6 0

SEQUESTERATIONS, &c.

Examination of JAMES ROBERTSON & Co. Manufacturers in Glasgow, on the 1st and 10th September, at one P. M. in the Sheriff Court-house there.—Creditors to meet in the Star Inn, Glasgow, on the 20th September, to give instructions to the trustee.—Claims to be lodged before the 12th May.



AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Berwick Old Shipping Company's Smack,
TWEED PACKET,
THOS. ORD, jun. Master,
BRITANNIA PACKET,
WILLIAM NISBET Master, and
COMMERCIAL PACKET,
JOSEPH MOSLEY Master.

Will take in goods, the Tweed Packet till Friday afternoon, one o'clock, the Britannia till Saturday evening, and sail on Sunday afternoon, three o'clock, and the Commercial till Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock, when she will sail.

The Berwick Packet, Pateison, and the Neptune, Thomas Ord & Co. are also arrived, and will sail in the course of next week.

Old Shipping Co.'s Office, Leith, Aug. 29, 1799. Wm. GRINLY, Agent.

COUNTY OF ARGYLL.
THE ESTATE OF CRAIGNISH, if not previously sold by private bargain, is to be exposed to sale, pursuant to adjournment, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday 13th November next, at two o'clock P. M. in one or two lots; to be afterwards more particularly advertised.
Apply to Mr. Keay, 59, Queen Street; or Mr. James Campbell, Argyll Square.

LANDS, COAL, AND HOUSES.
To be Sold by public voluntary roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 20th day of November next, at two o'clock afternoon, if not previously disposed of by private bargain.

ALL and Hail the LANDS, COAL, HOUSES, and other Properties in the neighbourhood of Borrowstonness, which belonged to the deceased David Hardy, comprehending the Grounds of TEMPLE LANDS, and the CROFT LANDS, sometime since exchanged for the Lands called the CAWS.

These lands contain eleven acres or thereby, the former holding of the town of Lamlash, for payment of a blench duty of one penny; the latter of the Duke of Hamilton, for payment of twenty pence yearly; the other burdens are proportionally small.

These grounds have several Dwelling Houses, and a complete Farm Steading upon them. They lie within a quarter of a mile of Borrowstonness, and are full of coal; the first seam of which is a split coal, of four feet thick, at the depth of 11 fathoms from the surface; the second is also four feet; the third eighteen feet; and beneath these, there are two other seams, of four feet each.

The ground and coal rise from the Duke of Hamilton's pits, presently working. A highway passes through the ground, and there are roads in every direction, so as to answer country sale as well as exportation.

The ground is under lease for two years, with a reservation of power to work the coal.
To manufacturers it would be an inestimable property;—and if any such incline to purchase, the coal may be sold separately.

The title deeds may be seen in the hands of Archibald Dunbar, W. S. George's Square, who has powers to conclude a private bargain, and from whom other particulars may be learned.

LAND FOR SALE IN STIRLINGSHIRE.

THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF STEWARTHALL, lying in the parish of St. Ninians, and shire of Stirling. It consists of 270 acres English measure, all arable, and of a rich clay soil, beautifully situated, within a mile and an half of the town of Stirling, surrounded by a branch of the river Forth, in which the proprietor has a right of salmon fishing; lime and coals can be brought to the estate in boats. There is a convenient mansion-house and offices on the estate, a Garden and Orchard, with a variety of fruit trees, and a considerable quantity of old Planting. About one hundred and fifty-seven acres of the estate will be out of lease next year.—A great part of the price may remain with the purchaser for a length of time, on paying the legal interest.

For particulars apply to David Stewart, W. S. Edinburgh, who will show a plan of the estate, or to James Chrystal, writer, Stirling.

LANDS AND COAL.

In the immediate vicinity of Edinburgh.
To be Sold by private bargain, on or before the first day of October next.

THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF DRUM, GILMERTON, and others, with the Coal, Teinds, and Pertinents thereof, lying in the parish of Liberton, and within three measured miles of the city of Edinburgh, either in whole or in lots, as formerly advertised.

If the premises do not sell by private bargain, either in whole or in lots, as formerly advertised, betwixt and the first day of October next, then lots first and second will be subdivided, into twelve different lots, for the convenience of purchasers, and be exposed to public roup and sale, upon Wednesday the 16th day of October next, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of one and three o'clock afternoon.

For further particulars application can be made to Robert Dundas, writer to the signet, or Charles Fozard at the Drum, either of whom will be ready to treat for a purchase of the whole, or the lots of the forementioned estate. And the title deeds, plan, rental, &c. may be seen, upon applying to Mr. Dundas.

SALE OF LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup.

THE LANDS OF BROOMDYKES, presently possessed by Mr. Peter Trotter, and lying within the parish of Edrom. These Lands are beautifully situated upon the banks of the Whitadder, and consist of 1016 acres English measure, or thereby, besides the ground which is taken up in plantations and belts, which is considerable.—They hold of the Crown, and lie about five miles from the town of Dundee.

The premises are all inclosed and subdivided, and are under lease for payment of 560l. Sterling of rent; but, at the end of the lease, a very great rise of rent will certainly take place.

The day of roup, and the lots into which the Lands are proposed to be exposed to sale, will be afterwards advertised, in case a sale by private bargain does not take place.

Andrew Paxton at Allanbank-house will shew the Lands; and for further particulars, apply to Mr. Robert Trotter, W. S. George's Square, Edinburgh, with whom a plan of the Lands is lodged.

ESTATE OF CRAILING—ROXBURGHSHIRE.

THIS well-known, valuable, and compact ESTATE will be exposed to sale by public roup (unless previously disposed of by private bargain), in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Monday the 25th day of November, at six o'clock afternoon; if not then sold, it will afterwards be put up in lots. The present rent is 2137l. 3s. One of the principal farms now out of lease, and two more will be so in 1800, on which a considerable rise of rent may undoubtedly be expected. The Estate consists of 2196 acres, and there is a very considerable quantity of valuable and thriving wood of various kinds, some of which, particularly near the house, is very old and large.—The lands hold of the Crown, and are of sufficient valuation to afford twelve freehold qualifications; and being situated within three miles of Jedburgh and six of Kelso, possess great convenience for markets, &c. The great post-roads from Kelso to Jedburgh and Hawick run through the middle of the lands. A considerable part of the purchase money may remain in the hands of the purchaser.

For further particulars application may be made at the proprietor at Crailing House, by Jedburgh, or to Robert Trotter, Esq. writer to the signet, Edinburgh, in whose hands the title-deeds, rental, plan, and measurements may be seen. The gardener at Crailing House will show the lands and boundaries.

FIFE—PARISH OF ST. ANDREWS.

FARMS to let for Nineteen years, or such term as may be agreed on.

THE FARM OF CLATTO, as presently possessed by Ramsay, consisting of 160 acres 32 fells, or thereby, excepting three parks, the property of Robert Low, Esq. consisting of 12 acres and 31 fells. Entry Michaelmas 1800.

The Farm of TONGUES OF CLATTO, as presently possessed by James Grieg, consisting of 122 acres 3 rods and 31 fells of arable land, and 40 acres 3 rods and 7 fells of muir, or thereby. Entry Michaelmas 1800.

There is in this last farm such a command of running and spring water, as is believed would make it an eligible situation for a Distillery, being within about a mile and a half of Drumcarro Coal-hill, and about the same distance of the river Eden, where sloops come to load and unload, as also within three miles of the harbour of St. Andrews.

N. B. These two Farms being contiguous, might be united into one with much advantage.

Also, The Farm of BONFIELD, as presently possessed by Thomas Wilson, consisting of nearly 11 acres. Entry Michaelmas 1800.

Also, That Part and portion of POFFLE OF STRICKINNESS, consisting of about 5 acres, presently out to Thomas and William Aiken. Entry Michaelmas 1800.

All these Farms lie close along the turnpike road from Dundee-ster-side, by the Guard Bridge, to the south coast of Fife. The tenants will shew the farms, and

Offers may be given in to the Proprietor at Mount Melville, or before the first of September next, in whom application may be made for further particulars.

EXTENSIVE FARMS IN FIFESHIRE.

To be Let for 19 years.
THE FARM OF LOGIE, lying in the parish of Fisk.—It consists of 307 acres Scots measure, or thereby, and is at present possessed by George Melville.

II. THE FARM OF HIGHAM, nearly adjoining to Logie.—It consists of 285 acres Scots measure, or thereby, and is possessed by Robert Walker.

The entry to Logie to be at Martinmas 1799, to Higham at Martinmas 1800. The Farms will be let together or separately.

They contain a great deal of good wheat land, and ground fit for turnip. One of them lies on the south bank of the Tay; the distance between the two is not above half a mile, and they are both within three miles of the thriving town of Newburgh.

Peter Brown, at Wester Fisk Mill, the baron officer, will shew the Lands, and proposals for a lease of the Farms, together or separately, to be given in writing to Messrs. Innes and Handyside, writers to the signet; or to George Aiken, writer in Cupar.—Such as are not accepted will be canceled, and returned if desired. Officers are requested to specify what they will require for new buildings or repairs.

BUILDING GROUND AND SUPERIORITY IN EDINBURGH—FOR SALE.

To be Sold by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the Ordinary Session House of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 4th day of September 1799, at one o'clock afternoon, in presence of the Sheriff Depute of Edinburgh or his Substitute.

I. THAT FIELD or Piece of Ground, lying in the Pleasance of Edinburgh, called BLACKFRIARS CROFT or DEARENOUGH, with the Houses and Pertinents thereof, consisting of three acres and three quarters, English measure or thereby, holding feu of the town of Edinburgh, for payment of five shillings yearly, and relieving the town of two bolls, three firlots, one peck bear, of feu duty payable therefor to the Crown.

The particular advantages attending this property, from its central situation, for the purpose of building on, are so obvious, that they do not require to be pointed out.

II. THE SUPERIORITY AND FEU DUTY of the Lands of Meadowflat and Dishieflat, in the Parish of St. Cuthberts; and of the Houses in Canongate of Edinburgh, belonging in property to General Fletcher of Salton, holding of the Crown, and valued in the cess books of the County of Edinburgh at 130l. Scots.

The feu duty payable for these subjects is 50l. Sterling, burdened with 11. 18s. 4d. of feu duty to the Crown, and 11. 6s. 0d. of Communion Elements money, to the Minister of St. Cuthberts.

The articles of roup, title deeds, and a survey of the Field in the Pleasance, will be shewn by Messrs. Dundas and Robertson, clerks to the signet.

LANDS IN ABERDEENSHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup, (if not previously disposed of by private bargain), on Friday the 4th day of October next, within the New Inn of Aberdeen, between the hours of five and six P. M.

THE LANDS AND BARONY OF LENTURK, lying in the parish of Lochell,—the Lands of TILLYFOUR, in the parish of Tough,—and the Lands of KINGSFORD, in the parish of Allford, all in the County of Aberdeen.

These Lands consist of upwards of 1600 acres, besides the right of pasturage and property, which the Lands of Tillyfour have on the undivided Common of the Red Hill, which plentifully supplies the whole Lands with moss, are at present very low rented, and either out of lease, or will be so in a very few years, unless two farms on Lenturk; and are capable of great improvement.

The Lands of Lenturk and Kingsford hold of the Crown.—The former affording a freehold qualification, as a Forty Shilling Land of Old Extent, is valued at 360l. Scots, and the latter at 45l. 16s. 9d. Scots. The Lands of Tillyfour hold of a subject superior, for payment of clusury feu-duty, and are valued at 135l. 6s. 8d. Scots.

The proprietor has a right to the teinds of the whole, which are valued, and nearly exhausted.

There is a very thriving plantation on the Lands of Tillyfour, consisting of about 20 acres, already fit for most country purposes.

These Lands will be sold together or separately, as purchasers incline. Separate plans thereof are in the hands of Francis Garden, advocate in Aberdeen, to whom, or Geo. Stuart, W. S. Edinburgh, application may be made for further particulars; and Robert Brownie, at Bridgend of Knockando, will show the marches.

LANDS IN FIFESHIRE.

To be Sold by private bargain.

THE LANDS OF POWGUILD AND DUNDONALD lying in the parish of Auchtermuir, about five miles north-west of Kirkcaldy, to which there are good roads. These lands measure 491 Scots acres, the greatest part of which consists of arable and turnip ground. They contain several valuable seams of coal, and an excellent free-stone quarry; and there is an open sale of lime, distant only a quarter of a mile. Besides the lands being situated on the banks of Lochgelly Loch, the water running from it passes through the lands, and is well adapted for the purposes of machinery or for a distillery.

The following farms on this estate, of which the leases expire at Martinmas first, will be LET:

I. WESTER POWGUILD, which has been in grass for two years, consisting of 106 Scots acres.

II. OVER DUNDONALD, consisting of 91 acres. And

III. NETHER DUNDONALD, consisting of 127 acres, or thereby.

The grounds will be shewn by Clephane Downie, at the House of Powguld. And all information wanted will be given by applying to Robert Beaton, Esq. of Pitheadie, by Kinghorn, or to Mr. Henry Clephane, W. S. No. 63, Queen's Street, Edinburgh.

SALE OF LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE.

By Private Bargain.

THOSE PARTS OF THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF WHITSONHILL, lying within the united parishes of Whitson and Hilton, consisting of the Farms of Deadrigh and Cartrig, Whitson Vault, with the Small Possessions of Hurdis Hill and Claypotts, all presently possessed by John Hogarth; the Farm of Whitsonhill possessed by William Mason; and the Lands called Easter Whitson, possessed by David Jeffrey.

These Lands consist of 621 acres, and amount of yearly rent to the sum of 541l. 13s. 6d. and will rise very considerably upon the expiry of the present leases, some of which have only a few years to run; and all the leases contain proper restrictions as to the management of the Farms.

The whole of the above Lands, excepting some small pendicles in the town of Whitson, hold of the Crown; and it is supposed that, upon a division of the valued rent, there will be sufficient for three freehold qualifications.

The Stipend and School Salary amount to 9l. 10s. 6d. and there is an obligation from the heirs of Sir David Dalrymple of Hailles to relieve all the Lands of any future augmentation of stipend, except the small pendicles in Whitson.

For further particulars application may be made to Mr. Alexander Low at Woodend, by Dunee, who has full power to conclude a private bargain.

LANDS IN ARGYLLSHIRE FOR SALE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the New Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 24 day of October next, between one and two o'clock in the afternoon.

THE LANDS AND VILLAGE OF LOCHGILPHEAD, the Lands of Upper Drum, Nether Drum, Fernoch, Auchinbreck, Duppin, and Blarbay, lying in the parish of Glarry, and shire of Argyll.

The lands are presently set at near 500l. a-year; but several leases being soon to expire, and the lands being very improvable, abounding in limestone and turf, a considerable rise in the rental may very soon be expected.

There are two beautiful situations for Mansion-houses on the lands, a part of which are on the banks of the Crinan Canal, and the whole of them very near it. There are no fens granted in the village of Lochgilphead, the houses there being built on leases of 19, 39, or 57 years, according to their value and dimensions. Several packets ply regularly between Clyde and Lochgilphead, and goods may be landed there free of canal dues. The village is reckoned one of the most thriving in the West Highlands, and is unquestionably the best situation for trade, or the introduction of manufactures. The price will be taken by three yearly instalments.

For rentals, and further particulars, application may be made to John Meir, W. S. Edinburgh; to John Campbell, writer in Inveraray, or to the proprietor.

LANDS IN ROXBURGHSHIRE FOR SALE.

To be Sold by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the Ordinary Session House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 4th September 1799, at one o'clock afternoon, in presence of the Sheriff-depute of Edinburgh, or his Substitute.

THE LANDS OF HASSENDEAN-BANK, COCKER-HEUGH, and LADYLANDS, with that Part of Hassenudean Common allotted to Hassenudean, lying within the parish of Minto, and sheriffdom of Roxburgh, all possessed by Andrew Bruce, on a lease for twenty-one years, ending in 1816.

The yearly rent, including conversion of carriages, and interest of money laid out on inclosures, is L. 278 1 4 Deduct stipends to Ministers of Robertson and Minto, L. 14 2 7 Schoolmaster of Minto's salary, 1 1 9

Remains of nett rent, L. 262 16 11

II.—KIRKLANDS OF LILLIESLEAF, with the Teinds and Pertinents, lying within the parish of Lilliesleaf, and sheriffdom of Roxburgh, possessed by Andrew Thomson, on a lease for twenty-one years, ending in 1816. The yearly rent is 30l. 5s. 6d.

III.—THE TEIND YARD in the town and parish of Lilliesleaf possessed by John Cochran, at the rent of 14s. These lands hold of the Crown, for payment of small feuduties.

The articles of roup and title-deeds will be shewn by Messrs. Dundas and Robertson, clerks to the signet.

ESTATE IN EAST LOTHIAN FOR SALE.

THE ESTATE OF ALDERSTONE, lying fifteen miles east of Edinburgh, and one west of Haddington, consisting of about 233 acres Scots measure, all well inclosed and subdivided. The lands hold of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification in the county, which will either be disposed of separately or along with the estate.

A Modern House, commanding a beautiful and extensive prospect, and fit to accommodate a large and genteel family, has been built within these few years. The first floor consists of dining and drawing rooms, each 27 feet by 19; a third room, 24 by 18; a fourth, 18 by 12; with a dressing closet adjoining, with two lobbies and stair cases. There are two bed-room storeys, containing five bed rooms each, with large dressing rooms to four of them on each storey. Adjoining to the house are two pavilions; one contains servants hall, kitchen, and larder—the other, dairy, laundry, and wash-house, with each three rooms above. There is a sunk passage, and range of cellars, and two rooms, under and from the main house to the pavilions.

The Garden, about seven years made, is well walled; and planted with fruit trees on both sides, and has a flued wall and vinery in the most flourishing state. The trees are all in full bearing, and of the choicest kinds. There is also an orchard, containing an English acre, planted about seven years since, with standards of the best sort of fruit trees.

There is a considerable quantity of valuable wood upon the estate, well disposed both for ornament and shelter. The proprietor has about 70 acres in his own hands, and the leases of what part is let expire six years after Whitsunday next, when a very considerable rise of rent may be depended upon. The estate is particularly well situated for good markets, of all kinds, and has the advantage of a London and Edinburgh post daily.

If not disposed of by private bargain before the 20th October next, the estate will then be exposed to public sale.

For further particulars apply to Archd. and John Todd, W. S.

NATIONAL DEFENCE.

Subscriptions in the Parish of YARROW, exclusive of the Heritors, who have subscribed liberally elsewhere.

Thos. Ballanlyne Whithop	L. 15 15 0
Rob. Ballanlyne, Dryhope	5 5 0
The Rev. Robert Russel, minister	5 5 0
Wm. Scott, Single	3 3 0
Walter Henderson, Bengerknow	3 3 0
John Anderson, Schoolmaster	2 2 0
Jas. Scott, schoolmaster	1 1 0
Alex. Scott, Ladhope	1 1 0
Thomas Reid, Hutterburn	1 1 0
James Laidlaw, Blackhouse	1 1 0
Walter Scott, Eldinghope	1 1 0
Charles Bannatyne, Finnis	1 1 0
Wm. Dalgleish, Fairhope	1 1 0
James Little, Kelsoburn	1 1 0
Charles Cunningham, Newhouse	1 1 0
Henry Scott, De Lorrain	1 1 0
Jas. Scott, Gillman's-cleugh	1 1 0
James Stoddart, Newburgh	1 1 0
Wm. Laidlaw, Elebank	1 1 0
Francis Scott, Eldinghope	1 0 0
Christian Anderson, Sundhope; Jas. Bryden, Reid-ford-green; Rob. Scott, Catslackburn; James Scott, ditto—10s. each	2 2 0
Walter Bryden, Corscough; Wm. Little, Etter-bridge—10s. each	1 0 0
Barbara Murray, Blackhouse	0 6 0
Margaret Laidlaw, Peel; John Anderson, Hutterburn—5s. 6d. James Robson, 2s. 6d. John Grievie, 2s. 6d. William Simpson, 2s. 6d. William Dunlop, 2s. 6d. Marion Ballanlyne, 2s. 6d.—all boarders at Yarrow school	0 15 0
Betty Bridges, school-house; Peggy Scott, Peel; Robert Murray, Kershope—6d. each	0 1 6
Jean Hunter, Linforth; Beatrice Anderson, ditto; Nelly Grievie, Yarrow-manse; James Inglis, Whithope; Andrew Cranston, ditto; Jean Patterson, ditto; Nelly Scott, Catslackburn; And. Dalgleish, Catslackburn; Robert Hogg, ditto; J. Forsyth, ditto; Francis Hardy, ditto; Thomas Babby, Ladhope; Janet Laidlaw, Sundhope; Margaret Scott, ditto; Christian Scott, Sundhopeburn; Agnes Scott, ditto; Beatrice Hunter, ditto; Agnes Felfer, Bengerknow; Christian Brunton, Blackhouse; Margaret Borthwick, do; Helen Laidlaw, do; Wm. Linton, do; Margaret Linton, ditto; Adam Laidlaw, Kirkstead; Mary Laidlaw, ditto; John Brydon, Dryhope; Isabel Linton, ditto; Nelly Laidlaw, Bourhope; Margaret Burnett, Baplaw; John Scott, ditto; Jean Weah, Finnis; Wm. Elliot, ditto; Walter Pryden, Lapinhope; James Glendinning, ditto; Thomas Henderson, ditto; Thomas Nis-son, Huntly; Thomas Govanlock, do; Tho. Lockie, ditto; Thomas Laing, ditto; John Turner, ditto; John Inglis, Kirkhaugh; Thomas Cleghorn, do; Tho. Kennedy, do; Wm. Shi-el, do; Lorrain Wal. Stoddart, Newburgh; Rob. Lun, Redford-green; Jean Scott, do; Marg. Grievie, Elbank; Jean Aitchison, do; Ad. Don-nel, do; Wm. Murray, Scrogbank; Wm. Aiken, do; Jas. Scott, do; Mungo Scott, Weelhope—1s. each	2 15 0
Walter Bryden, Yarrow Manse; Andrew Davidson, Wheelhope; James Hardy, Catslackburn; Robert Davidson, Sundhope; Andrew Boa, Cal-kerwood; James Bryden, Bengerburn; Janet Burnett, Craighope; Janet Laidlaw, Bourhope; And. Burnett, Baplaw; Thomas Wilson, Mos-son; John Scott, Hawford Mill; George Mat-thieson, Kirkhaugh; Thomas Kilchig, Eli-bank; Wm. Haldane, sen. Ashystel; William Haldane, jun. ditto; Thomas Scott, ditto; Pe-ter Mathieson, ditto—2s. 6d. each	2 2 6
Robert Scott, jun. Catslackburn; John Ruther-ford, Sundhope; Marg. Bryden, Bengerburn; Samuel Cowan, Bengerknow; James Hender-son, ditto; Jas. Armstrong, ditto; Geo. Brun-ton, Peel; John Dalgleish, Catslackburn; Wm. Bryden, Steelfoot—2s. each	q 18 0
Robert Scott, Catslackburn; James Cowan, Sand-hed; William Cowan, Bengerhope; Janet Bry-den, Blackhouse; Robert Laidlaw, Kirkstead; James Turnbull, Finnis; Margaret Horsburgh, ditto; Tho. Nicol, Helmsburnside; Mary Laid-law, Wheelhope—1s. 6d. each	0 13 6
Jas. Hogg, Blackhouse; Jas. Borthwick, do; And. Betty, Berrybuss—3s. each	0 9 0
	L. 59 15 0

Subscriptions in the Parish of BATHGATE and County of Linlithgow.

Alex. Marjoribanks, Esq. includ- ing assessed taxes	L. 105 0 0
Pat. Geddes, Esq. of Torbanhill, ditto	50 0 0
Mr. John Waugh, tenant in South Inch, ditto	50 0 0
The Rev. Mr. Walker Jardine, exclusive of as- sessed taxes	5 0 0
Mr. Thomas Mair, merchant	5 0 0
Mr. James Wallace, merchant	10 10 0
Mr. William Wardrope, bailie	4 4 0
Mr. John Clarkson, feuer	2 2 0
Mrs. Miller, feuer, who at the same time re- gretted that she could not give an hundred more	2 0 0
Marion Nisbet, feuer	1 1 0
James Binning, farmer	1 1 0
William Nisbet, tenant, Balencrief Mill; William Adie, tenant, Caputhall; Adam Arthur, mer- chant, 10s. 6d. each	1 1 6
William Duncan, servant to Mr. Marjoribanks; Thomas Burd, shoemaker; Geo. Jaffay, dyer; Arch. Hutson, wright; Ja. Dun, wheelwright; John Wardrope, tenant, Barbauchlaw, 5s. each	1 10 0
Wm. Gray, James Chapman, gardener; Alex. Watt, labourer; Marg. Walker; John Nimmo, labourer; Eliza Bute, widow; Jean Baird, wi- dow; Julian Anderson, 1s. each	0 8 2
Alexander Arthur, mason; John Paterson, mason, 2s. 6d. each	0 5 0
James Liddell, feuer; William Gray, carrier, 2s. each	0 4 0
John Wright	0 5 0
Isabel Taylor, a widow, and her daughter, being all they could spare from their spinning	0 1 0
	L. 191 6 6

Subscriptions in the Parish of KILBRIDE, in the Island of Arran, in addition to 42l. 1s. already published.

Peter M'Bride in Clachland; John M'Kinnon, Glenhatton; Malcolm M'Killop, in North Lan-ox; Alex. M'Gorrig, Brodhis, 10s. 6d. each	L. 2 2 0
John Shaw in North Rialdale; James Cowie in Bures of Lochranza; Mr. James Brown at Arran Castle, 5s. each	0 15 0
James Hamilton and three other tenants, in Lar- giebeg; Wm. Stewart and two other tenants, Largie; Neil Kennedy and three other tenants, in North Rialdale; John Campbell and John M'Ninch, in Gortallister; Alexander Fankle and three other inhabitants in Palaster; George Stirling, James Bruce, Gavin Hamilton, and R. Nicol in Lamlash; Robert Nicol and three other inhabitants in North Corrigis; James Davidson, and five other inhabitants in Glenisnerrag; Neil Fullerton and two other inhabitants in Glenze-ry; Malcolm Crawford in Mirkland; Malcolm M-Millan in Cork; Finlay Kerr and five inhabitants in Glenhammadel; Angus M'Killop in Bolyary, 1s. each	2 3 0
John M'Kelvie and John M'Killop in Largiemore	0 10 0
William Stewart and nine other inhabitants in So. Rishadel	0 7 5
Robert M'Kenzie and seven other inhabitants in Achinclairn	0 5 0
David Kennedy and seven other inhabitants in do.	0 8 6
George Nicol, James Stewart, and four other in- habitants in Knockankelly	0 5 6
Archibald Hamilton and seven other inhabitants in Kingscross	0 12 0
Niel Fullerton and four other inhabitants in Cordon Donald M'Bride and four other inhabitants in Mo-neymore	0 4 6
Thomas M'Bride and four other inhabitants in Glenhill	0 4 6
William Stirling and four other inhabitants in High Letter	0 4 0
George Hodge, Mrs. Adam, Peter Adam, and Do-nald M'Kenzie, in Lamlash, 2s. 6d. each	0 10 0
Duncan M'Bride and six other inhabitants in Blan-beg	0 7 0
Geo. Mathie and eight other inhabitants in Blain-more and Margnah-glash	0 13 0
James Hamilton, Milnhill, 2s. 6d. Don. M'Kenzie, ditto, 6d.	0 13 0
James M'Bride and seven other inhabitants in W. Clachland	0 8 6
Alexander Fullerton, and nine other inhabitants in Easter Clachland	L. 0 5 5
James M'Cook, and four other inhabitants in South Corrigis	0 4 4
Donald Hunter, and five other inhabitants in Strath-quellan	0 1 6
Alex. Brown, and five other inhabitants in Mause-niel Curry, and four other inhabitants in Glenclay	0 3 6
Robert M'Kelvie, and two other inhabitants in Knorkan	0 2 6
Dugald Gray, and three others in Mossend	0 3 0
James M'Kinnon, and two others in Cladock	0 1 9
William M'Gaffan, and eight inhabitants in Corry Archibald M'Millan, and four other inhabitants in South Sannox	0 4 0
Alexander M'Killop, and four other inhabitants in Mid Sannox	0 4 0
Donald M'Millan, and eight other inhabitants in North Sannox	0 10 0
Angus Kerr, in Laggan	0 3 6
Iver Clarke, in Cook	0 0 6
John M'Killop, and eight other inhabitants in Nar-ahan	0 2 6
Finlay Kerr, and two inhabitants in Newton of Lochrauza	0 3 6
	L. 112 16 6

Subscriptions in the Parish of LESLIE, in the County of Fife.

L. 13 10 0	
Subscriptions in the Parish of LESLIE, in the County of Fife.	
Alexander Brodie, Esq.	L. 100 0 0
George Willis, annually during the war	5 3 0
Gavin Inglis	2 2 0
Robert Jamieson	1 1 0
George Willis, jun.	3 3 0
Alexander Orrock	1 1 0
James Orrock	0 10 6
<i>Servants at Leslie House.</i>	
George Sanderson	1 1 0
J. Baillie	1 1 0
Mary Veitch	1 1 0
William Russel, James Wilson, George Richardson—10s. 6d. each	1 11 6
Jean M'Craw, Jean Roy, Wm. Burke, Bell Muir, Ann Williamson, James Elgin, James Henry—5s. each	1 15 0
Andrew Tellemaque, Euphemia Dryburgh—2s. 6d. each	0 5 0
Bell Black	0 1 6
Margaret Hutton	0 1 0